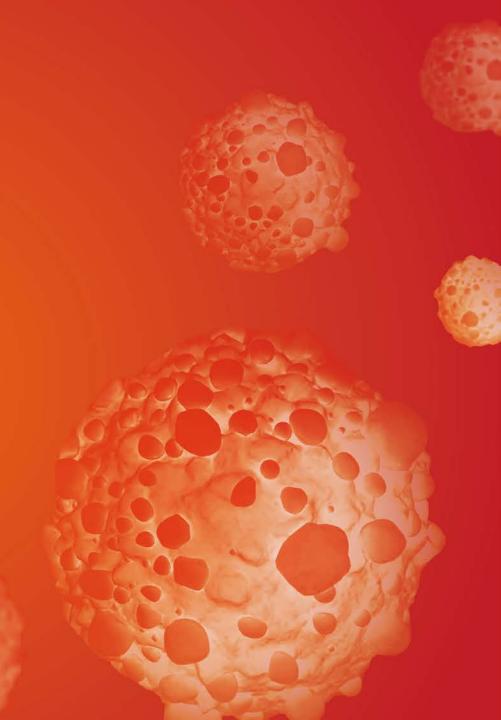


Q1 2019 highlights and financial report

8th May 2019 Richard Godfrey , CEO Rune Skeie, CFO



Disclaimer

Certain statements contained in this presentation constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts and they can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the words "anticipate", "believe", "intend", "estimate", "expect", "will", "may", "should" and words of similar meaning. By their nature, forwardlooking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, no assurance is given that such forwardlooking statements will prove to have been correct. They speak only as at the date of the presentation and no representation or warranty, expressed or implied, is made by BerGenBio ASA or its affiliates ("BerGenBio"), or by any of their respective members, directors, officers or employees that any of these forward-looking statements

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Q1 2019 highlights

bemcentinib meets efficacy endpoint in combination with chemotherapy in AML patients

Bemcentinib in combination with low dose cytarabine is efficacious and well tolerated in elderly AML patients.

Phase II trial of bemcentinib and KEYTRUDA® in NSCLC expanded

Additional cohort B initiated to include 2L IO relapsed patient population

Commenced Phase I trial evaluating first-in class anti-AXL antibody BGB149

Phase I study will investigate safety and pharmacokinetics in healthy volunteers

Commenced phase I trial evaluating ADCT-601, a novel anti-AXL antibody drug conjugate (ADC), in patients with advanced solid tumours (partnered program*)

Phase I dose escalation and expansion trial will evaluate ADCT-601 in upto 75 cancer patients

Commencement of Phase II Investigator-Initiated Trial Evaluating Selective AXL Inhibitor Bemcentinib monotherapy in high-risk MDS

Will enrol up to 43 patients at leading MDS centres across Europe

Key appointments to executive team and Board to prepare organisation for next phase of development

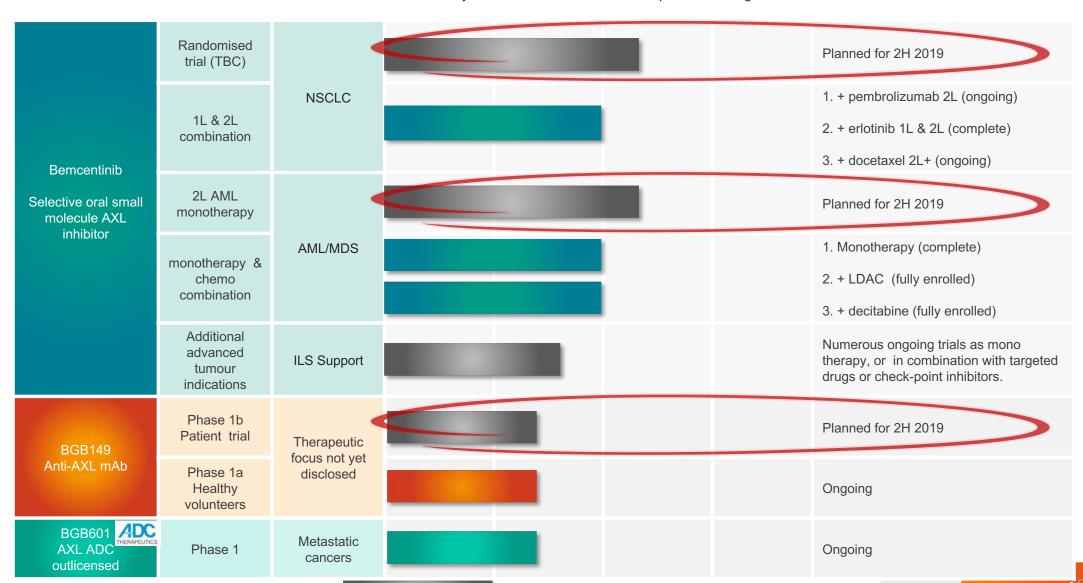
Board of Directors strengthened, two new members added to the leadership team

3 selective AXL inhibitors in clinical development

Discovery

Indication

Multiple attractive opportunities in many cancers



Cinical PoC

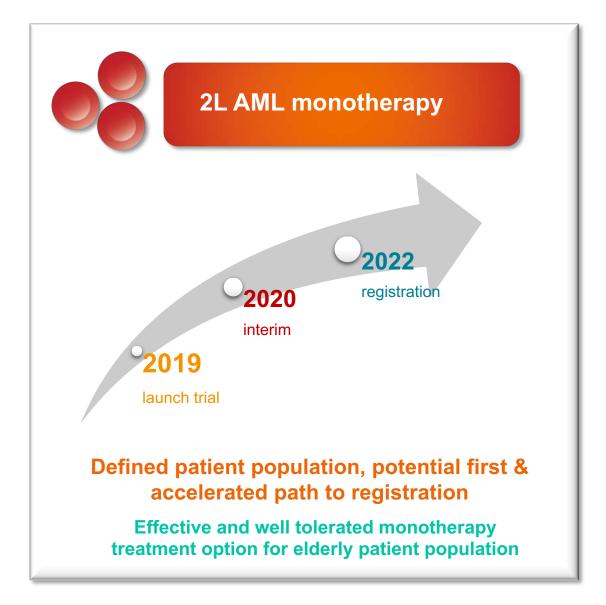
Late stage

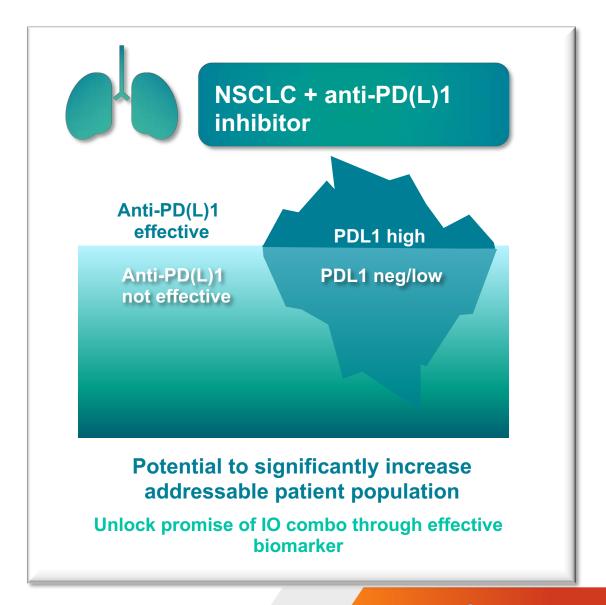
development

Registration

Current Status

Two significant late stage development opportunities





Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML)

Bemcentinib is being evaluated as a monotherapy and in combination with standard of care to treat AML and high-risk MDS

43% ORR in AXL +ve R/R AML and MDS patients

chemo combos in 1L ongoing



Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML)

Most common type of acute leukaemia in adults1

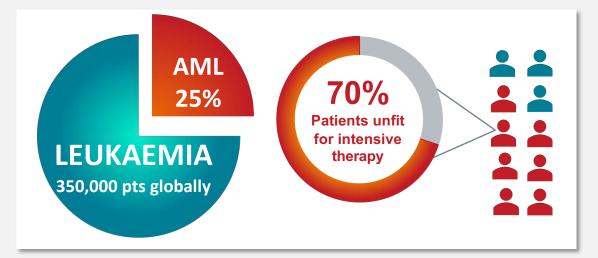
AML is a rare aggressive cancer of the blood and bone marrow characterised by difficult to treat malignancies

~ 20,000 new cases diagnosed and >10,000 deaths in the US in 2018²

AML makes up 32% of all adult leukaemia cases

Occurs in a predominantly elderly, frail patient population; 68% of patients diagnosed with AML were aged >60 years ⁶

5 year survival rates of 3-8% in patients over 60 years old ⁷





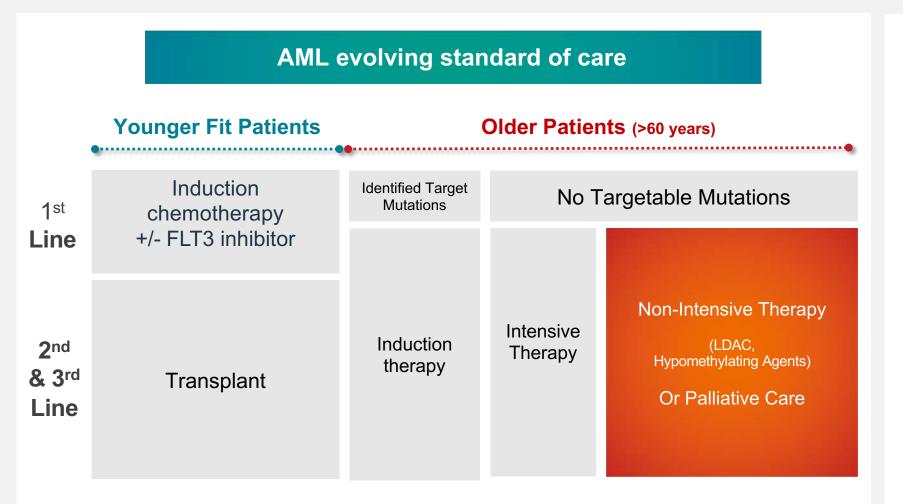


⁽¹⁾ Cancer.gov; (2) SEER; (3) https://www.who.int/selection_medicines/committees/expert/20/applications/AML_APL.pdf?ua=1ble

⁽⁴⁾ https://www.cancer.net/cancer-types/leukemia-acute-myeloid-aml/statistics (5) https://www.businesswire.com/news/home/20190319005442/en/ (6) http://asheducationbook.hematologylibrary.org/content/2010/1/62.long, (7) https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK65996/

Large unmet need in AML

New therapies needed for patients unfit for intensive therapy



Opportunity in Refractory AML

- New therapies needed for patient's w/o targetable mutations
- Treatment options beyond chemotherapy still limited

1L bemcentinib +chemo combo opportunity

2L (R/R) mono opportunity

- Manageable safety profile
- Well tolerated, low grade adverse event profile



Bemcentinib in **AML**

Monotherapy & in combination with low-dose chemotherapy

Relapsed/ refractory AML & high-risk MDS

up to 90 pts

2L Monotherapy (completed)

2 L R/R AML & MDS N = 36 pts Combination Therapy (fully recruited)

Decitabine combo AML, N = 14 pts

Low-dose cytarabine (LDAC) combo AML, N = 14 pts

Endpoints

Primary
safety / ORR
Secondary
RFS
OS
biomarkers

43%* CR/Cri/CRp

* Ca. half of patients found to be AXL positive

Immune activation and clonal stabilisation observed

Ongoing

- Efficacy endpoint met in LDAC group:
 - √ 3 CR/CRis among first 10
 pts evaluated
- Data further maturing

Bemcentinib in **AML**

April 2019 Update

Bemcentinib Monotherapy (n=27) ASH Dec 2018

AXL +ve* patients CR/Cri/CRp Stable Disease 14/27 6/14 3/14 52% 43% 21%

Longest duration of Treatment for Responder

>15 Months

Bemcentinib + Low Dose Cytarabine LDAC (n=10) Q1 2019

CR/Cri/CRp 3/10 **30%**

Responses occurred early, improved over time and included poor risk, previously treated patients

Safety Summary (across all bemcentinib programmes)

- Treatment related adverse events were generally considered to be less problematic than for other TKIs
- Grade <3 diarrhoea (6%), Grade <3 LFTs abnormalities (6%), and Grade < 3 QTc prolongation (4%)
- Fatigue: any grade: 15% of patients and Grade 3: 3% of patients (no higher grade events)



Bemcentinib targeting 2L AML*

bemcentinib monotherapy in previously treated elderly AML patients

Goal: Prolong PFS in patients who relapse or respond poorly to current first-line treatment options

2019 2020 2021 **Previously** treated AML Stage 2 Stage 1 **Elderly, FLT3 WT** Interim N~150-200 N~50 analysis Stratify according Potential for accelerated approval and to cytogenetics and breakthrough designation soluble Axl level



^{*} Trial in planning and set up stage

Ref. BGBC008 / NCT03184571

Bemcentinib in NSCLC: Combination with anti-PD(L)1

PoC data in combo with KEYTRUDA, previously treated, IO naïve NSCLC:

⊘ 27% ORR in PD-L1 –ve patients

⊘ 40% ORR in AXL+ve patients



NSCLC causes more cancer related deaths than breast, colon, pancreas and prostate combined

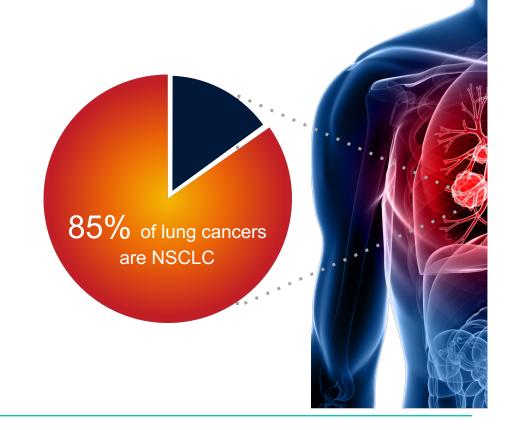
The largest cancer killer, most patients depend on drug therapy

The most common type of cancer

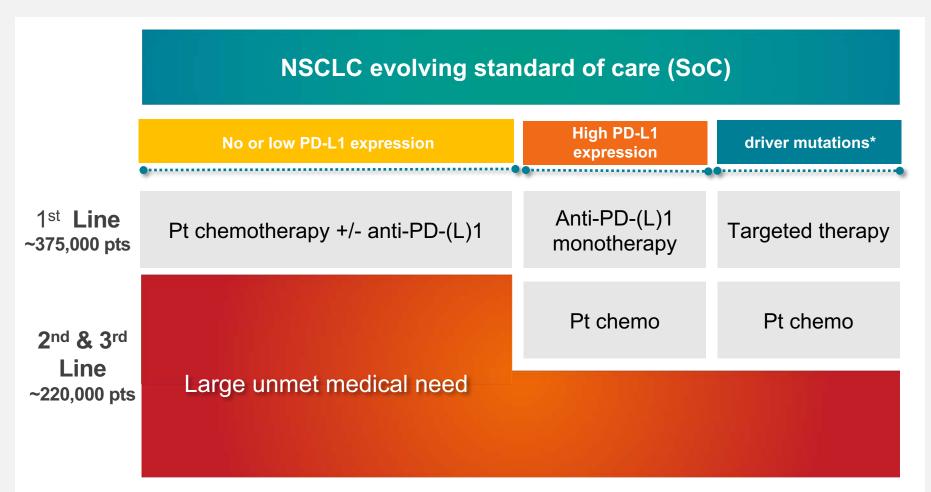
2.09 million new cases of lung cancer diagnosed/yr worldwide, making up 11.6% of all cancer cases¹

1.76 million lung cancer deaths/yr worldwide¹

In the U.S, 5-year survival rate is approximately 18.6%, and **4.7%** in patients with distant metastases²



Rapidly emerging SoC creates opportunities for novel effective, chemo free regimens



Opportunity in Chemotherapy Refractory NSCLC

- Deepening 1st Line response, particularly in PD-L1 negative/low patients
- Effective and welltolerated 2nd Line therapy



Bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA in Refractory NSCLC

Phase 2 Study Design

Cohort A

Previously treated, unresectable adenocarcinoma of the lung

PD-L1 / AXL all-comers

IO naive

Cohort B

PD-L1 / AXL all-comers

IO Refractory



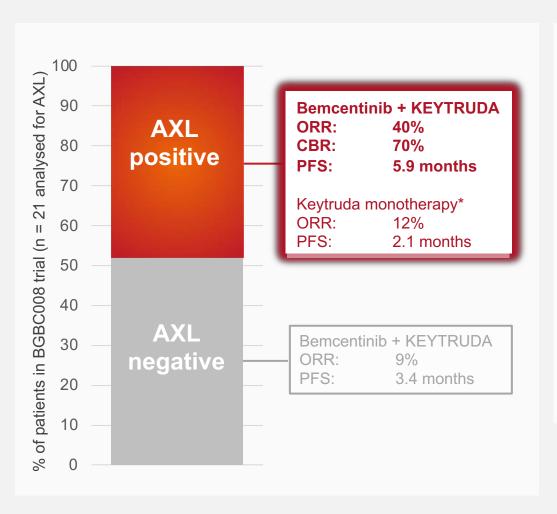
Key objectives

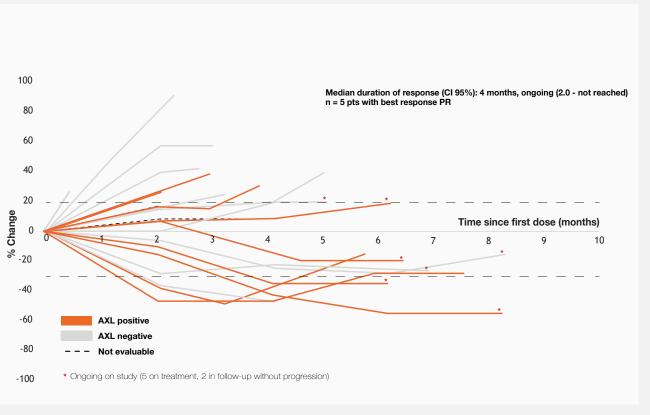
- Evaluate safety of the combination and response to treatment with the combination
- Characterise patients by PD-L1 and AXL status
- Evaluate efficacy of patients by biomarker status, and assess predictive qualities of biomarkers
- Assess survival measures in patients by biomarker status



2nd Line Proof of Concept (PoC) data

bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA: Superior efficacy in AXLpositive pts; Previously treated NSCLC, IO naive





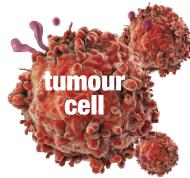


• BerGenBio

AXL Biology & BerGenBio's **Selective AXL Inhibitors**



AXL receptor tyrosine kinase drives aggressive disease including therapy resistant, immune-evasive tumours

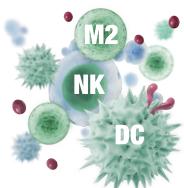


Drives tumour cell plasticity: non-genetic resistance mechanism

AXL drives features of aggressive cancer:

- Acquired therapy resistance
- Immune escape
- Metastasis





AXL is an innate immune checkpoint:

- M1 to M2 macrophage polarisation
- Decreased antigen presentation by DCs
- Immunosuppressive cytokine profile

very **low** expression under healthy **physiological conditions** (ko mouse phenotypically normal)

overexpressed in response to hypoxia, immune reaction, cellular stress / therapy

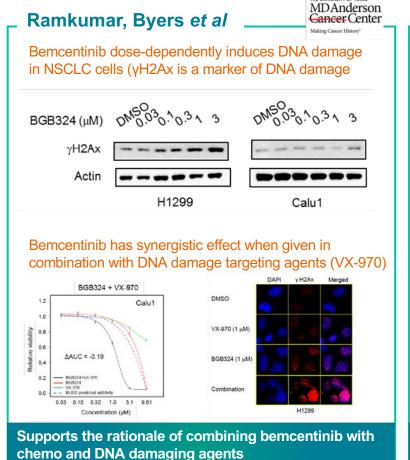
overexpression correlates with worse prognosis in most cancers

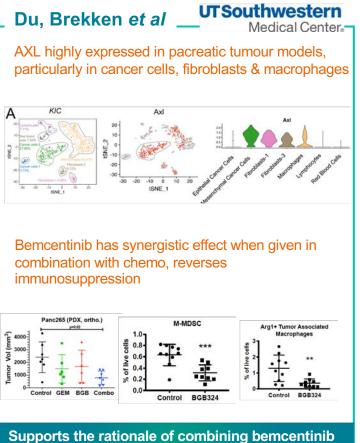




Preclinical data at AACR reinforces bemcentinib's potential to reverse tumour immunosuppression and therapy resistance

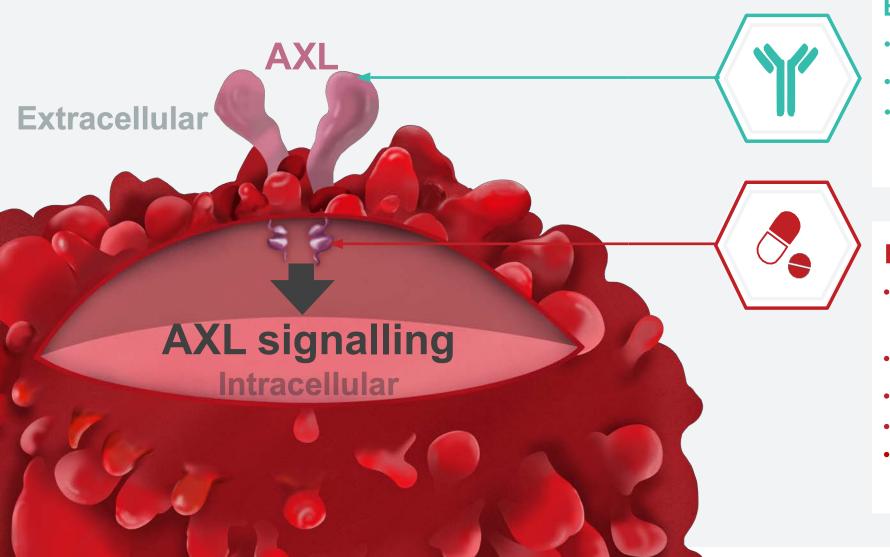
GUSTAVE/ ROUSSY-Chouaib et al NSCLC cells high in AXL are less susceptible to destruction by T- and NK cells MES C23 AXL LO cells E:T ratio (NK92/MES cancer clones) E:T ratio (CTL/MES cancer clones) Bemcentinib treatment of the tumour cells with high AXL expression reverses this effect E:T ratio (CTL/AXLHI MES cancer clone) E:T ratio (NK92/AXLHIMES cancer clone) Key pre-clinical data supporting the rationale of combining bemcentinib with IO / bemcentinib's IO MoA





with chemotherapy & bemcentinib's IO MoA

Two AXL targeting candidates in clinical trials



BGB149

- Wholly owned anti-AXL antibody
- Highly selective to human AXL
- Robust, scalable manufacturing process



Bemcentinib (BGB324)

- Orally bioavailable small molecule
- Administered once a day
- Highly selective for AXL
- Straightforward CMC
- Excellent clinical safety profile





Bemcentinib

AXL selective kinase inhibitor

Once a day, orally administered

Potent and highly selective

Blocks AXL signalling, reverses aggressive tumour traits & inhibits immune escape

Correlation of clinical efficacy with AXL biomarkers observed

Managable safety profile: >250 subjects dosed



BGB149: Anti-AXL monoclonal antibody

Phase I clinical trial ongoing

Functional blocking humanised monoclonal antibody

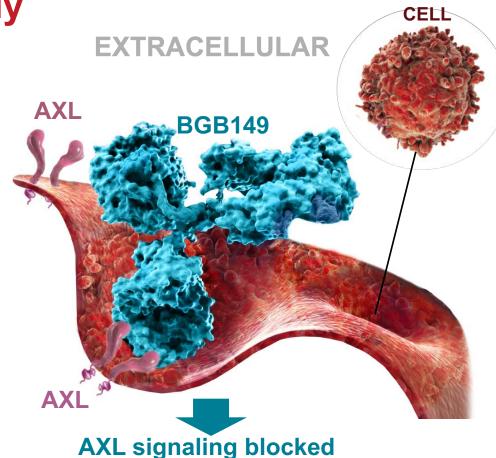
Binds human AXL, blocks AXL signalling

High affinity (KD: 500pM), Anti-tumour efficacy demonstrated *in vivo*

Robust manufacturing process established, 18 months stability

First-in-human healthy volunteer Phase I study initiated Up to 36 subjects, Safety, PK/PD

First-in-patient trial expected in H2 2019



INTRACELLULAR

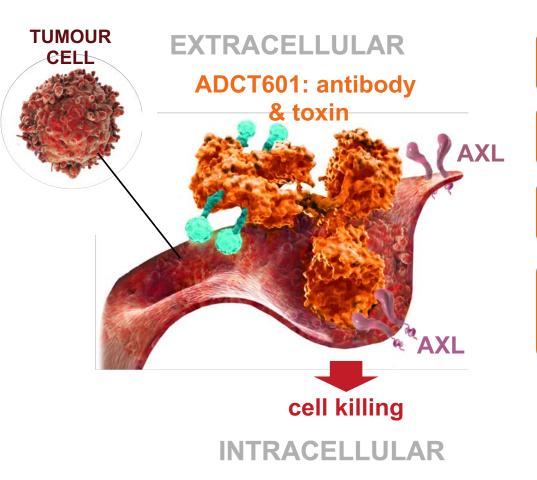


TUMOUR

BGB601/ADCT-601: Anti-AXL ADC Phase 1 in solid tumours ongoing

Out-licensed to ADC Therapeutics (ADCT)





Antibody Drug Conjugate (ADC)

Targets human tumour AXL, induces cell death when internalised

Potent and specific anti-tumour activity demonstrated preclinically¹

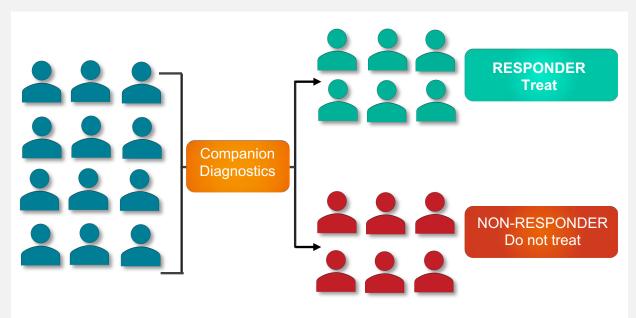
First-in-human Phase I study initiated in Jan 2019

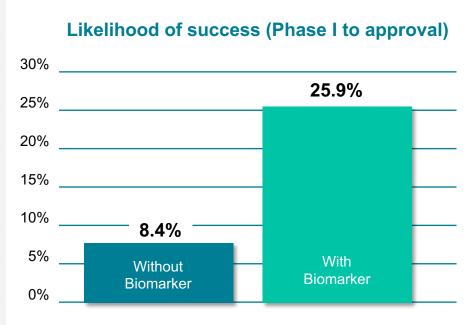
- Solid tumours
- Up to 75 patients
- Safety, PK/PD, preliminary efficacy

Based on anti-AXL antibody BGB601 licensed from BerGenBio



Companion Diagnostics Programme (CDx)

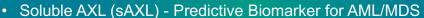




Adapted from Cook et al., Nature Reviews Drug

CDx Development Programme

Liquid Biopsy



 Relapsed/Refractory AML/MDS patients with lower plasma levels of sAXL have shown greater response to bemcentinib monotherapy

Tissue Biopsy





- AXL IHC Predictive Biomarker for NSCLC
- NSCLC patients with elevated levels of AXL tissue expression have shown improved ORR and PFS when treated with bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA*





Operational Highlights



Strengthening management team



DOMINIC SMETHURST, MD
Chief Medical Officer

- A physician with two decades of experience in clinical development and leadership roles within the biopharma industry
- AstraZeneca, Amgen, Prescient Life Sciences, ICON & Tusk Therapeutics Ltd.



JAMES BARNES, PHD
Director Regulatory Affairs & Programme
Management

- 14 years' experience in regulatory strategy, regulatory policy and project management
- Oncology & innovative breakthrough product experience from pharmaceutical and consultancy sector.



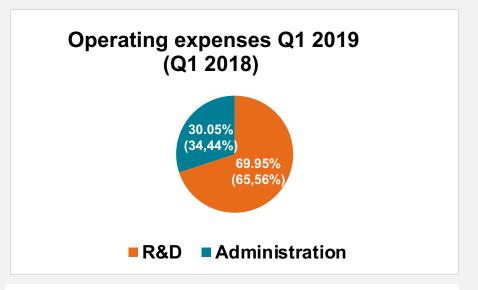
Financial Review

Rune Skeie CFO



Key financial figures

(NOK million)	Q1 2019	Q1 2018	FY 2018
Operating revenues	8,7	0	2,3
Operating expenses	54,5	54,8	196,9
Operating profit (-loss)	-45,8	-54,8	-194,5
Profit (-loss) after tax	-44,3	-53,8	-191,7
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (NOK)	-0,81	-1,08	-3,60
Net cash flow in the period	-53,7	-41,1	-9,9
Cash position end of period	306,7	329,2	360,4

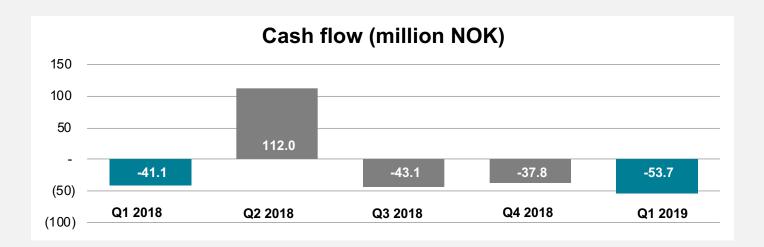




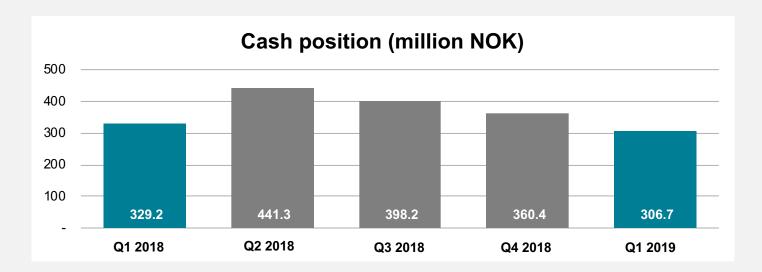
 Revenue NOK 8.7 million, licence revenue triggered by clinical milestone (ADCT-601)

- Effective organisation
- 69.95% of operating expenses in Q1 2019 (Q1 2018: 65,56%) attributable to Research & Development activities

Cash flow and cash position



- Private placement Q2 18 strengthened cash position - gross funds raised NOK 187 million (USD 24 million)
- Quarterly cash burn average (Q118 Q119)
 NOK 48.4 million (USD 5.9 million)



- Cash position Q1 2019 NOK 306.7 million (USD 35.7 million) - gives runway to deliver key clinical read outs from ongoing clinical studies
- Cash runway into 2020 based on current burn rate



Financial calendar 2019

13 March 2019

8 May 2019

20 August 2019

19 November 2019

Annual General Meeting

Quarterly Report – Q1 2019

Half-year and Q2 report 2019

Quarterly Report – Q3 2019



Analyst coverage



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Near term goals and milestones



Expected Newsflow

2019



H2

- > Initiate late stage programme
- > Complete Phase 1 BGB149

Q4

> Initiate first-in-patient trials BGB149



Value creating catalysts

Strategic priority		Goals	
Late stage clinical trials with bemcentinib	H2 2018 H2 2018 H1 2019 H2 2019 H2 2020	Clinical PoC monotherapy AML Clinical PoC combo in NSCLC Clinical PoC combo in AML Start late stage clinical programme Interim read-out late stage clinical programme	✓ ✓ ✓
Develop Companion Diagnostics	H2 2018 H2 2020 H2 2021	Identify candidates that correlate with efficacy Validate candidates in late stage clinical programme Clinical assay developed	✓
BGB149 anti-AXL antibody programme	H2 2018 H2 2019 H2 2020	Initiate first-in-man phase I trial Initiate first-in-patient phase Ib trial Interim readout	✓
Maximise value for bemcentinib	H1 2019	Initiate pipeline opportunities for bemcentinib via IITs	✓



BGBIO – Investment Highlights



World leaders in understanding AXL biology

AXL is a novel oncology target to overcome immune evasion, therapy resistance & spread

AXL upregulates PDL1 on dendritic cells and blocks T-cell immunity

AXL inhibitors – potential cornerstone of cancer therapy

Pipeline opportunities in multiple cancers and fibrosis



3 selective AXL inhibitors in clinical development

Bemcentinib (Ph2), AXL-antibody BGB149 (Ph1), AXL ADCT601* (Ph1)

Monotherapy and combinations with immune-, targeted and chemotherapies

Biomarker correlation across programme, parallel CDx development

Phase II Proof of Concept
43% ORR in R/R AML/MDS (monotherapy)
40% ORR in 2L NSCLC (KEYTRUDA combo)



Resourced to deliver significant milestones

Clinical trial collaborations with Merck and leading academic centres

*AXL antibody out licensed to ADC Therapeutics SA

38 staff at two locations: HQ & R&D in Bergen, Norway; Clinical Development in Oxford, UK

Cash NOK 306.7m





Questions

