

BerGenBio ASA (OSE:BGBIO)

DnB Nordic-American Life Science Conf.



29 November 2018
Richard Godfrey, CEO

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Corporate Snapshot

Focussed on AXL



Leaders in developing selective AXL inhibitors: innovative drugs for aggressive diseases, including immune evasive, drug resistant and metastatic cancers

Diversified pipeline, lead drug is tested in several indications of high unmet medical need and large market potential

Promising efficacy with sustained treatment benefit and confirmed favourable safety

Companion diagnostic

Emerging Phase II data with first-in-class asset



Bemcentinib*: First-in-class highly selective oral AXL inhibitor

Developed as potential cornerstone of cancer therapy.

Well funded



Cash runway through to 2020

Included in the OSEBX index from 1st June 2018

Pipeline with significant milestones in 2018/19



Proof of Concept Phase 2 data with bemcentinib

Phase 1 clinical trial with AXL antibody

Experienced Team



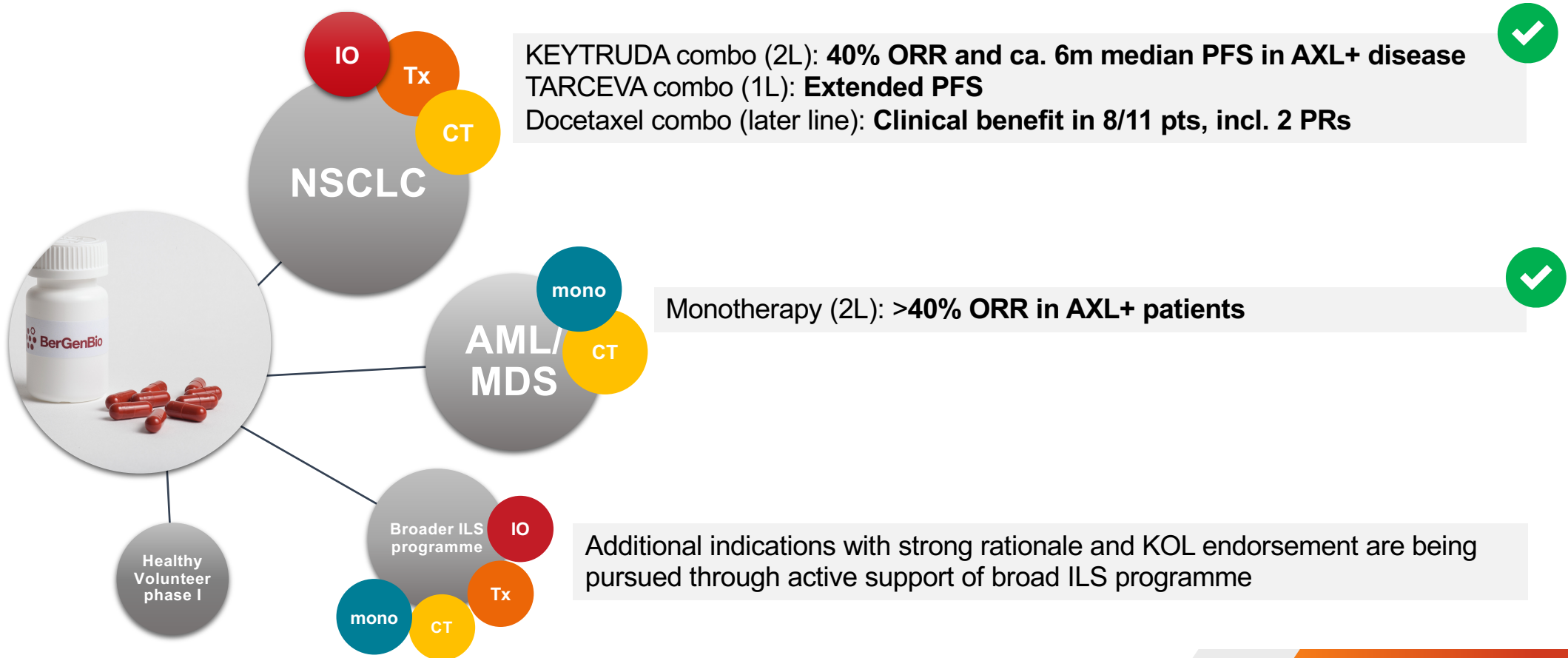
40 staff

Headquarters and research in Bergen, Norway

Clinical Trial Management in Oxford, UK

Phase II PoC data

- Focus on NSCLC & leukaemia



Strong biomarker correlation



**AXL IHC identifies NSCLC pts
with improved outcomes
to bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA**

Approximately half of previously treated
NSCLC patients had AXL positive disease

Biomarker at screen	AXL pos	AXL neg
ORR	40%	9%
CBR	70%	45%
mPFS	5.9 months	3.3 months

(stage 1, n = 21 pts evaluable for AXL status, of which ca half
were AXL positive)



**Soluble AXL levels identify
R/R AML & MDS pts with
improved outcomes to monotherapy**

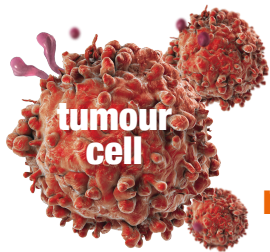
Plasma shed AXL (sAXL) levels are inversely
correlated to receptor activity

Biomarker at screen	sAXL low	sAXL high
ORR	46%	0%
CBR	92%	17%

(part A, n = 20 pts evaluable for sAXL status)

Additional predictive soluble and tissue markers identified & under investigation

AXL receptor tyrosine kinase drives aggressive disease including therapy resistant, immune-evasive tumours

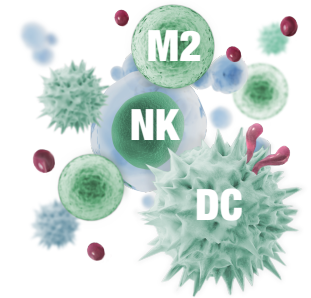


**Drives tumour cell plasticity:
non-genetic resistance mechanism**

AXL drives features of aggressive cancer:

- Acquired therapy resistance
- Immune escape
- metastasis

**Key suppressor of innate
immune response**



AXL is an innate immune checkpoint:

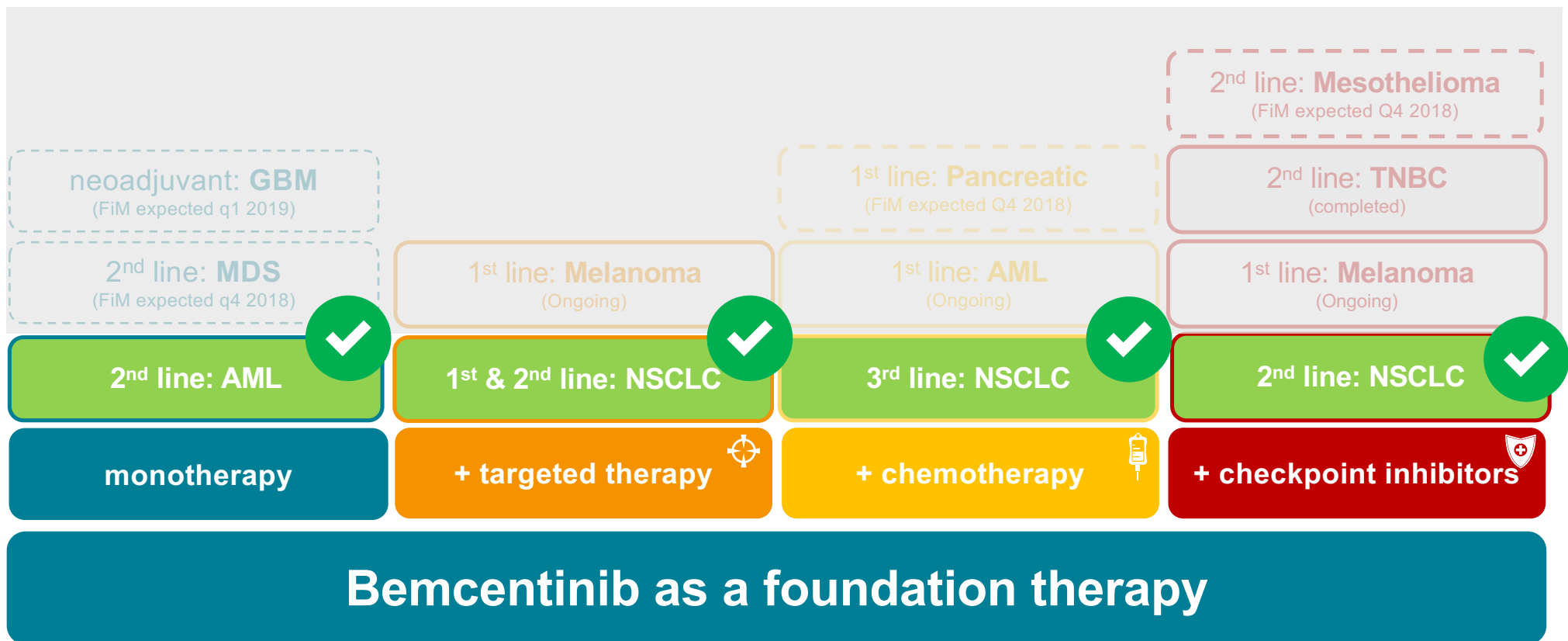
- M1 to M2 macrophage polarisation
- Decreased antigen presentation by DCs
- Immunosuppressive cytokine profile

very low expression under healthy
physiological conditions (ko
mouse phenotypically normal)

overexpressed in response to
**hypoxia, immune reaction,
cellular stress / therapy**

overexpression correlates with
**worse prognosis in most
cancers**

Bemcentinib as cornerstone for cancer therapy: Phase II proof-of-concept development programme



Q3 2018 results

Efficacy reported in several Phase II trials with bemcentinib

Bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA 2L (BGBC008): Superior PFS & 40% response rate in AXL positive patients

- ✓ Median PFS of 5.9 months reported in AXL positive patients vs 3.3 months in AXL negative (late-breaking abstract at SITC)
- ✓ 40% ORR in AXL positive, predominantly PD-L1 negative/low patients (KEYTRUDA monotherapy effect is limited)
- ✓ Stage 2 is actively recruiting and enrolling patients

Additional advanced NSCLC phII trials: Superior PFS in combo with TARCEVA

- ✓ First line PFS prolonged by adding bemcentinib to TARCEVA, predictive biomarker candidate
- ✓ Encouraging efficacy in combination with docetaxel in later line setting, overall well tolerated

Bemcentinib biomarker programme: Biomarker candidates identified across phase II trial programme

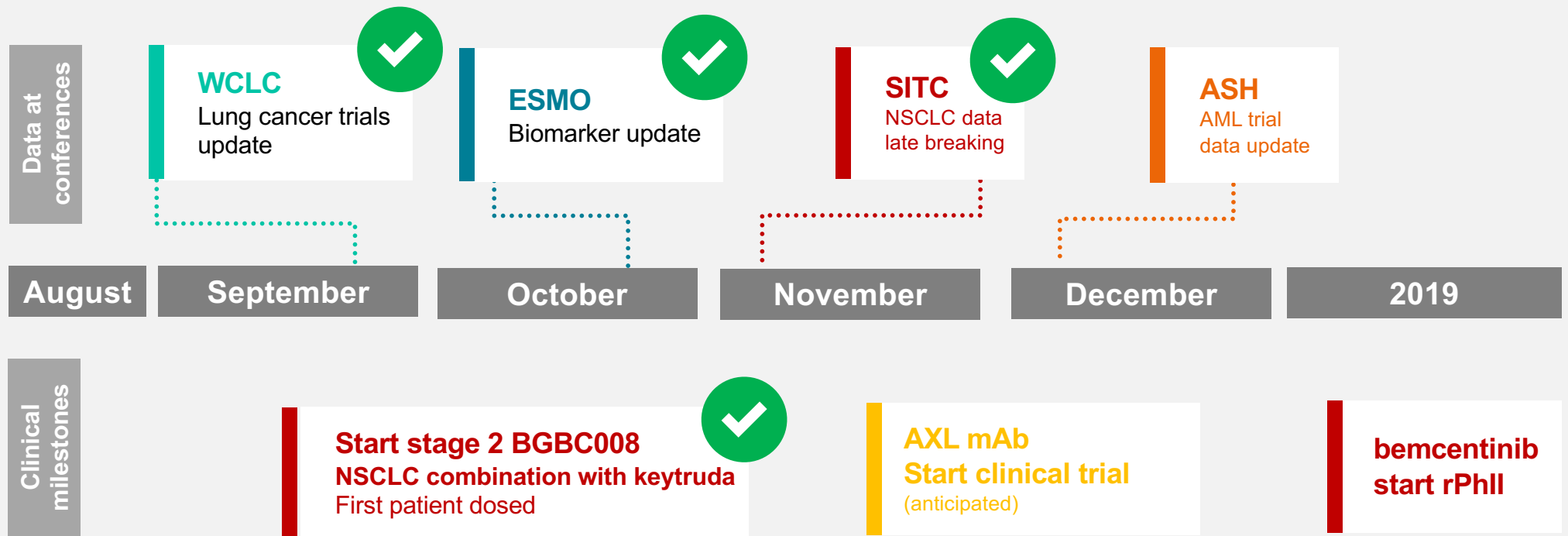
- ✓ Strong correlation with tissue AXL status in NSCLC (bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA)
- ✓ Strong correlation with soluble AXL status in AML/MDS (bemcentinib monotherapy)
- ✓ Additional soluble markers identified across additional indications and drug combinations

Pipeline of innovative AXL inhibitors: AXL function blocking antibody BGB149 on track for FiH trials

- ✓ IND filed, phase I trial to be initiated at the end of Q4

Cash position NOK398m, tight cost control. Cash to complete all ongoing clinical trials.

Upcoming data & clinical milestones



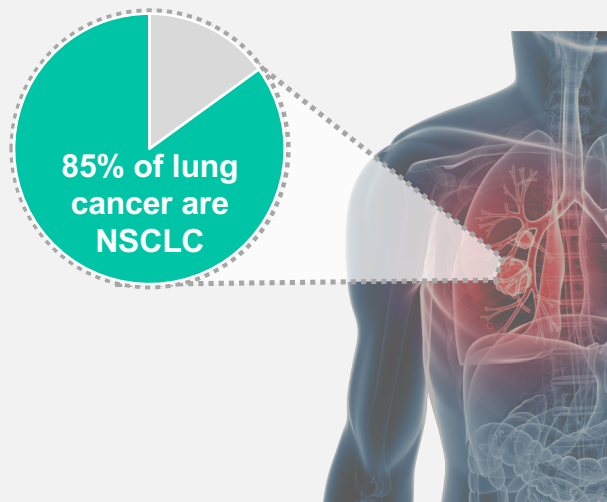
Non-small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

Bemcentinib is being combined with the major therapy classes to treat advanced NSCLC



Lung Cancer: rapidly evolving standard of care...

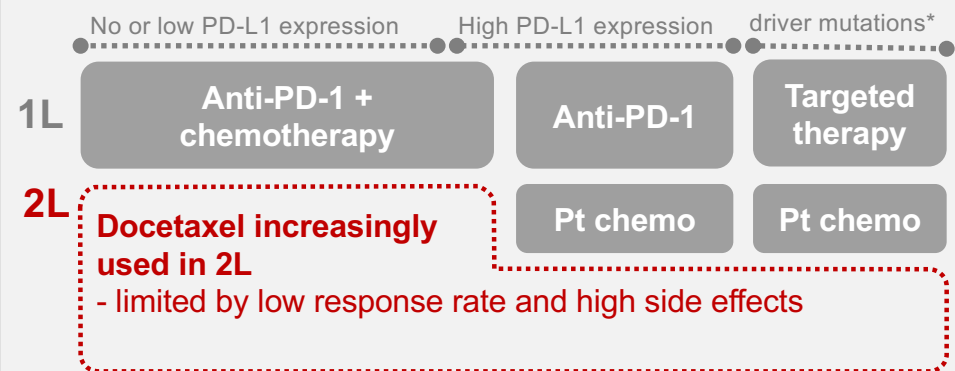
- but still lacking effective Chemo free regimens



The largest cancer killer, most patients depend on drug therapy

- More than 1.76 million lung cancer deaths/yr worldwide¹

NSCLC standard of care (SoC)



Rapidly emerging SoC creates opportunities for effective, chemo free second line combinations

- Most patients will start on Anti-PD-1 + chemo in first line
- Vacuum in second line, effective chemo free regimens needed



POC bemcentinib as cornerstone of treatment for NSCLC by combining with standard of care therapies

- Company anticipates to update the market with proposed rPh2 strategy towards the end of 2018

Targeted therapy



PD-1 blockade



Chemotherapy



Bemcentinib PoC phase II programme

bemcentinib
single arm
POC

BGBC004

Reverse (2L) and prevent
resistance (1L) to EGFR targeted
therapy (Tx)



BGBC008

Increase response rate
- especially in PD-L1 negative



BGBIL005

Increase response rate



Strategic considerations for randomised phase II programme based on phase II PoC

Bemcentinib
randomised
combos

- 1L
- First line Tx +/- bemcentinib
- 2L
- non-mutation driven
resistance to Tx

- 1L
- CT free combo (incl. PD-L1 neg)
 - Add to Pt CT
- 2L
- Add to IO upon progression

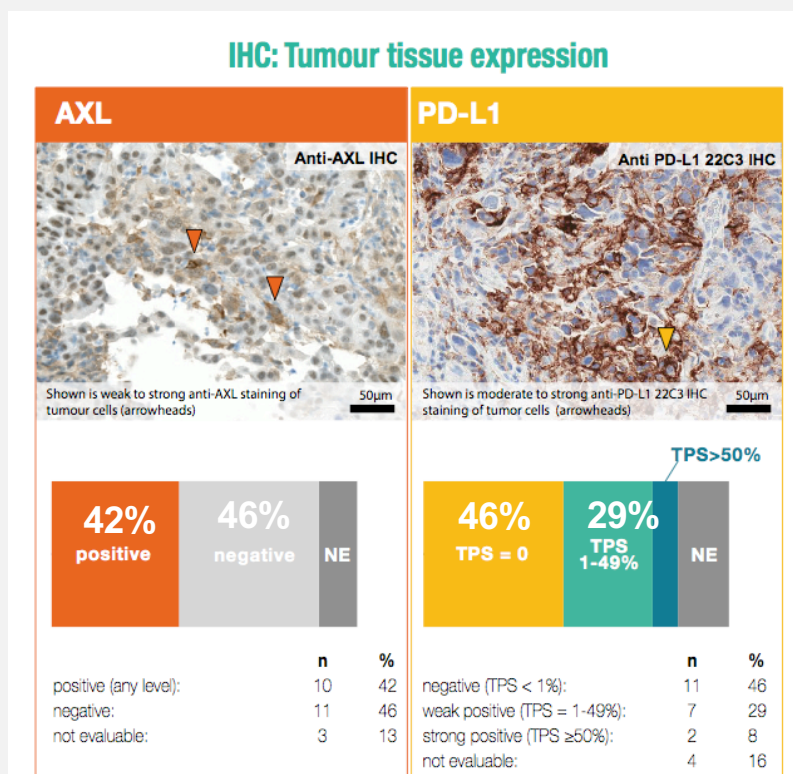
- 2L
- Combo with docetaxel in IO /
Pt CT / Tx progressors

BGBC008: Combination studies with KEYTRUDA



BGBC008 Phase 2 – Adenocarcinoma of the lung			
Previously treated, unresectable adenocarcinoma of the lung up to 48 pts any PD-L1 expression any AXL expression no prior IO	Simon two stage		Status Nov 2018
	Single arm	ORR	
	bemcentinib 200mg/d KEYTRUDA 200mg/3w		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Stage 1: 24 patients dosed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 1st efficacy endpoint met ➤ 40% ORR in AXL positive patients ➤ 27% ORR in PD-L1 negative patients ➤ Ca. 6 months PFS in AXL positive patients ✓ Stage 2 open and actively recruiting

Biomarker analyses reveal predominantly PD-L1 low/negative patient population, half are AXL positive



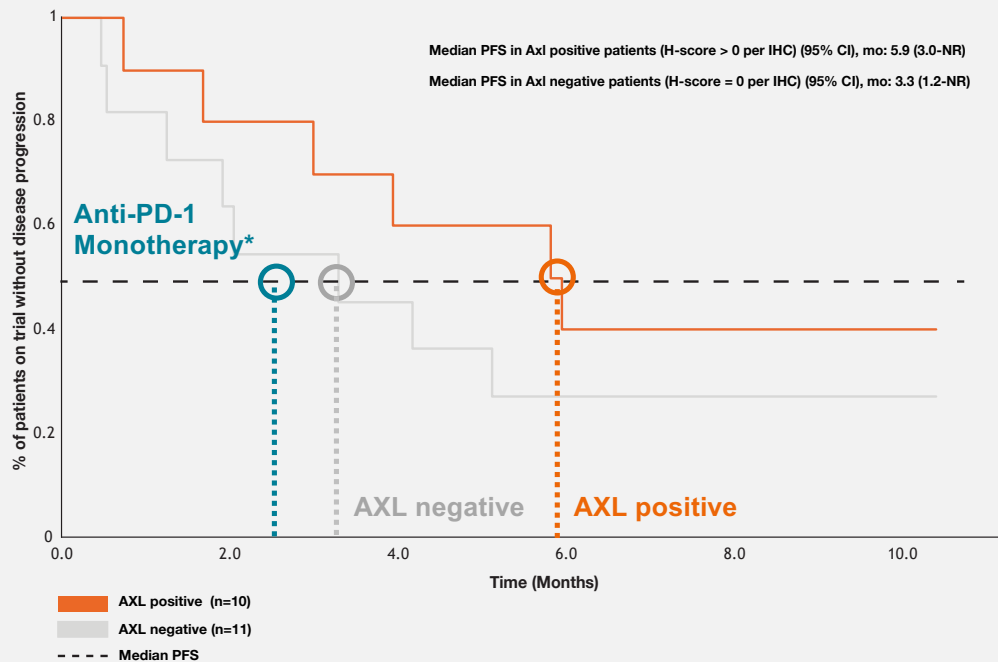
Trial has enrolled

- predominantly **PD-L1 negative and low positive** patients
- in whom **little benefit from anti-PD-1 monotherapy** is expected

In AXL positive patients, the bemcentinib + KEYTRUDA combination is more efficacious than KEYTRUDA monotherapy*

Progression Free Survival: 5.9 months in AXL positive vs 3.3 in negative patients (ca 80% improvement)

Comparison of bemcentinib combination data (BGBC008) with selected anti-PD-1 monotherapy trial results



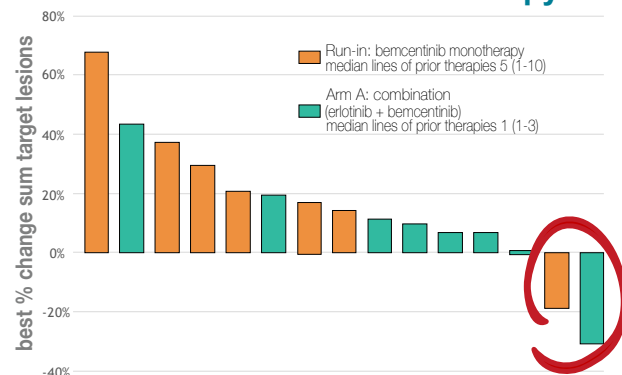
Trial	PD-L1 status		ORR (%)	PFS (months)
BGBC008	Mostly (75% of patients) 0 – 49%	AXL+	40	5.9
		AXL-	9	3.3
Keynote 001 ¹	0 %		9	2.1
	1 – 49 %		14	2.3
CheckMate 057 ²	0 – 100 %		19	2.3

BGBC004: Phase Ib/II trial in NSCLC of bemcentinib with TARCEVA® (erlotinib)

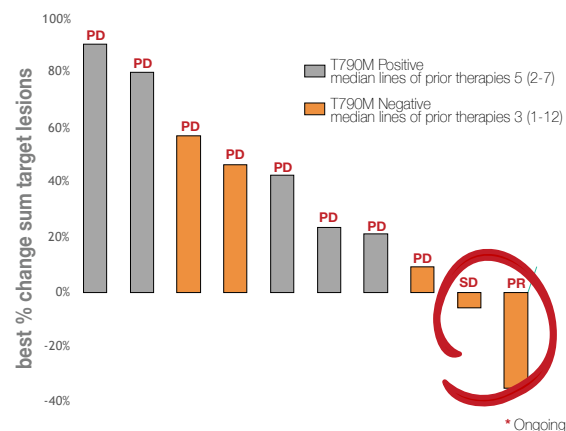
Dose escalation & expansion (ongoing)			June 2018 Status	
Stage IIIb or IV disease EGFR mutation positive	Phase Ib	Heavily pre-treated Arm A1: bemcentinib monotherapy Arm A2: Dose finding in combination	Safety & efficacy	✓ Arm A1 - monotherapy: 25% CBR 2 SD including tumour shrinkage (19%) n=8
	Phase II	Arm B: 2 nd line Resistance reversal bemcentinib 200mg daily + erlotinib daily		✓ Arm A2– combination with erlotinib: 50% CBR 1 PR and 3 SD n=8. PR ongoing in excess of 2 years
	Phase II	Arm C: 1 st line Resistance prevention bemcentinib 200mg daily + erlotinib daily		✓ Arm B – 2L / combo w/ erlotinib: 33% CBR First efficacy endpoint met 1 PR & 2 SD n=9
				✓ Arm C – resistance prevention combo w/ erlotinib: PFS has surpassed that of erlotinib (TARCEVA) alone, currently 11.4 months and further maturing

Subset of patients shows benefit when adding bemcentinib to TARCEVA, identifiable by proprietary predictive marker BGBM14

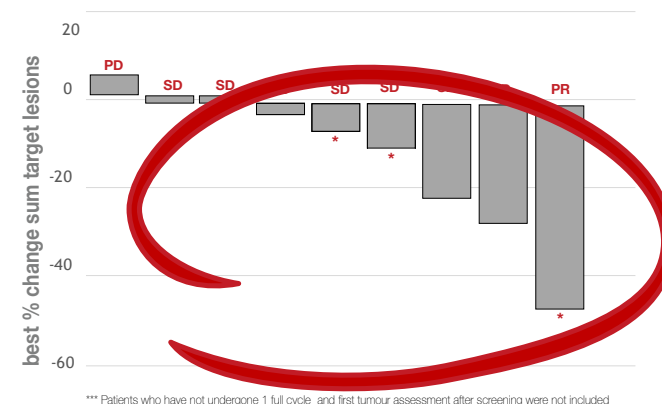
Arm A Resistance reversal & monotherapy



Arm B Resistance reversal

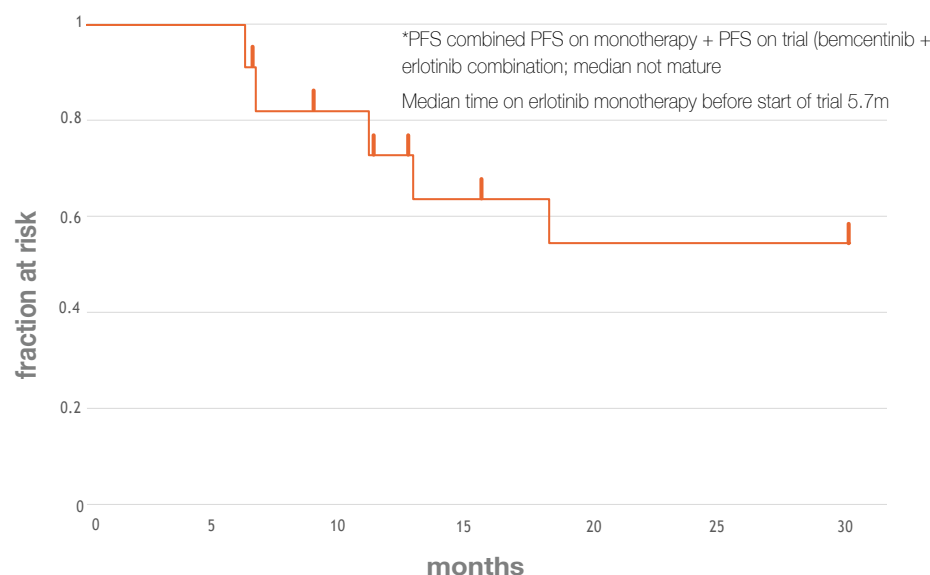


Arm C Resistance prevention

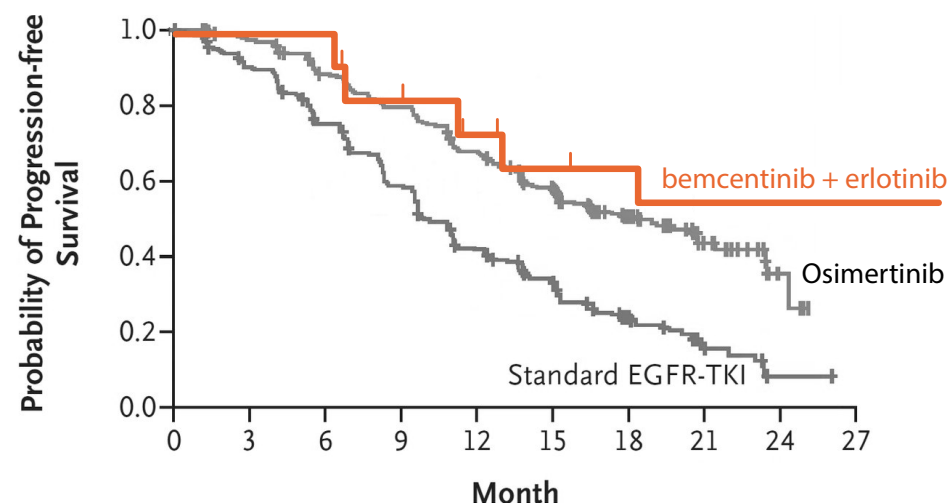


Arm C – resistance prevention Superior PFS of bemcentinib + erlotinib combination in first line (data still maturing)

PFS in arm C: bemcentinib + erlotinib first line



PFS in arm C: Overlay with FLAURA data

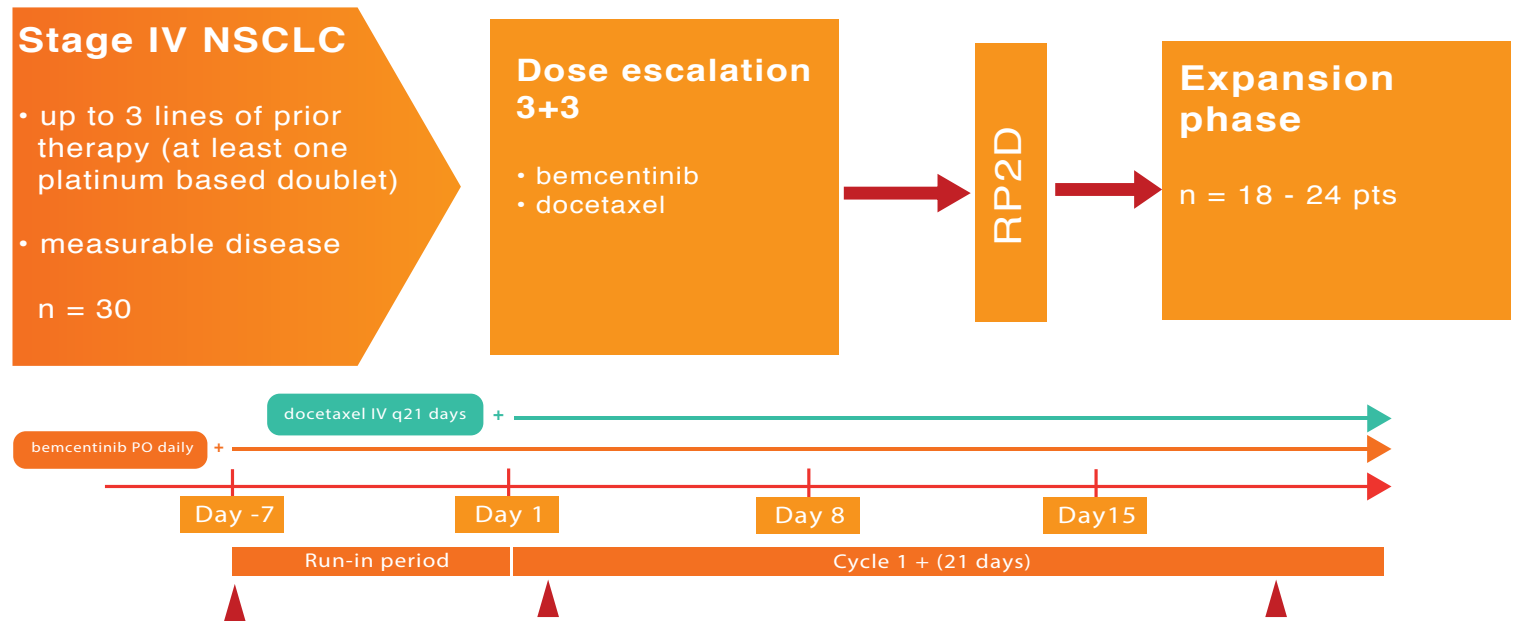


BGBIL006: Phase Ib/II trial with bemcentinib and docetaxel in NSCLC



Sponsor Investigator:
Dr David Gerber, UTSW Dallas

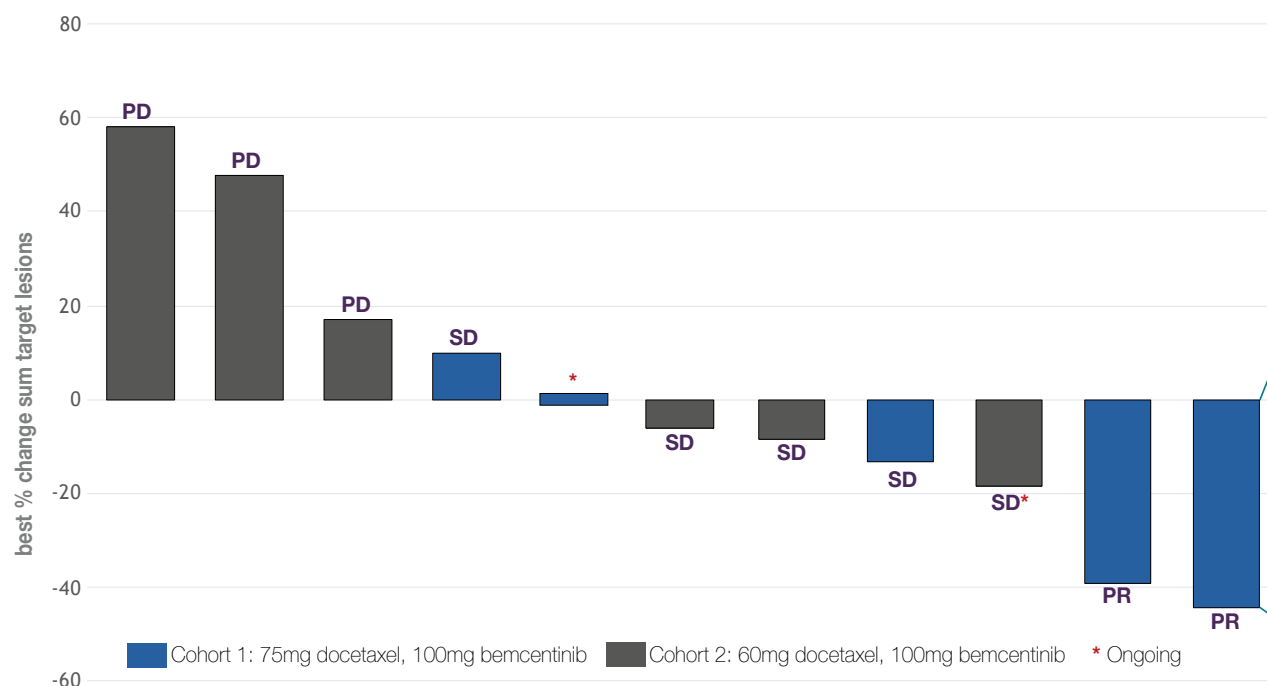
“It is important to remember that most patients with lung cancer will eventually be treated with chemotherapy and for most patients, the benefit from chemotherapy is suboptimal.”



Majority of patients experience benefit, including PRs

Includes patients with primary and acquired resistance to CPIs

Best % Change in Sum of Target Lesions



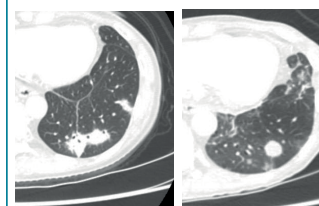
Patient 004

Patient is a 64 year old caucasian female diagnosed with stage IV NSCLC.

EGFR wild type and ALK mutation negative.

Received 3 lines of prior therapy:
Carboplatin/paclitaxel (SD)
Carboplatin/pemetrexed (PD)
Pembrolizumab (PD)







Achieved PR after 2 cycles of combination therapy and remained in response for 10 cycles.





Strategy to position bemcentinib as cornerstone of treatment for NSCLC by combining with standard of care therapies

- Company anticipates to update the market with proposed rPh2 strategy towards the end of 2018

Targeted therapy 		PD-1 blockade 	Chemotherapy 
Bemcentinib PoC phase II programme			
bemcentinib single arm POC	BGBC004  Reverse (2L) and prevent resistance (1L) to EGFR targeted therapy (Tx)	BGBC008  Increase response rate - especially in PD-L1 negative	BGBIL005  Increase response rate
Strategic considerations for randomised phase II programme based on phase II PoC			
Bemcentinib randomised combos	1L <ul style="list-style-type: none">First line Tx +/- bemcentinib 2L <ul style="list-style-type: none">non-mutation driven resistance to Tx	1L <ul style="list-style-type: none">CT free combo (incl. PD-L1 neg)Add to Pt CT 2L <ul style="list-style-type: none">Add to IO upon progression	2L <ul style="list-style-type: none">Combo with docetaxel in IO / Pt CT / Tx progressors

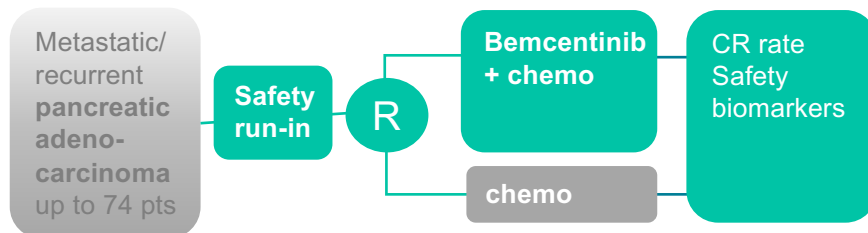
BerGenBio Investigator led programme: explore additional opportunities for bemcentinib



New Investigator Sponsored Trials in start up stage

Randomised phI/II in pancreatic cancer

Randomised trial combining bemcentinib with nab-paclitaxel, gemcitabine and cisplatin chemotherapy combo in advanced pancreatic cancer

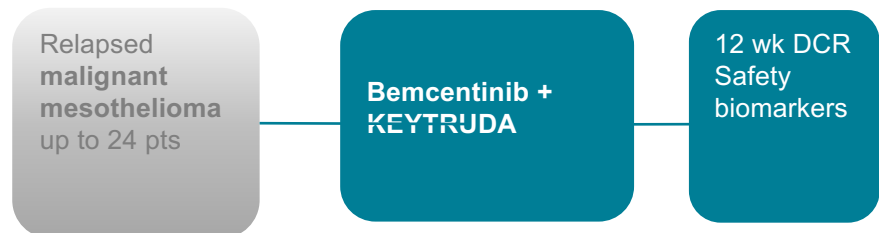


Sponsor: UT Southwestern, Dallas, TX, Dr Muhammad Beg



Phase II in mesothelioma

Phase II study combining bemcentinib with KEYTRUDA in malignant mesothelioma



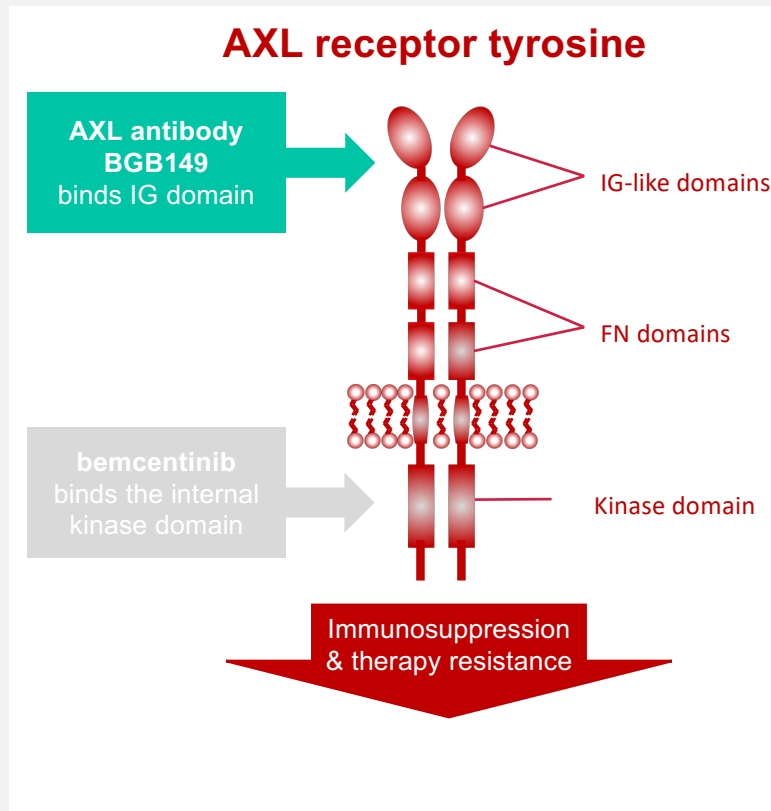
Sponsor: University of Leicester, UK, Prof Dean Fennel



BGB149

AXL mAb – clinical trials start Dec 2018

BGB149: AXL function blocking antibody programme



AXL functionally blocking human antibody

Highly selective to human AXL

High affinity (K_D : 500pM)

robust, scalable manufacturing process
good titre and yield

Strong patent position on CDR sequences

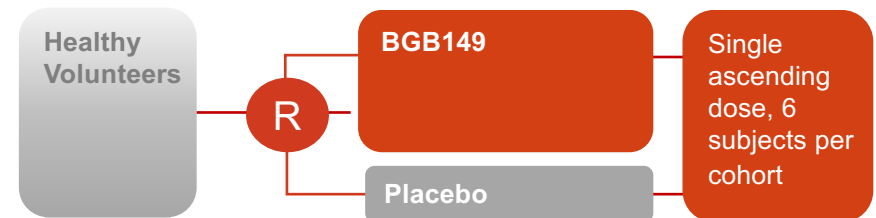
Anti-tumour MoA and efficacy demonstrated (AML, NSCLC, pancreatic)

Robust GMP manufacturing process established and phase I *first-in-man* clinical studies starting in Q4 2018

Robust GMP Manufacturing Route

- **Scale:** current GMP manufacturing scale was 250L (bulk drug substance)
- **Cell banks:** MCB & WCB characterised and laid down
- **Stability:** current drug substance has 18 month stability at <-60 degrees C.
- **Toxicity:** GLP toxicity reported no major concerns
- **CTA** filed

Phase I starting Dec 2018



Projected completion in 3Q 2019

Start of patient trials H2 2019

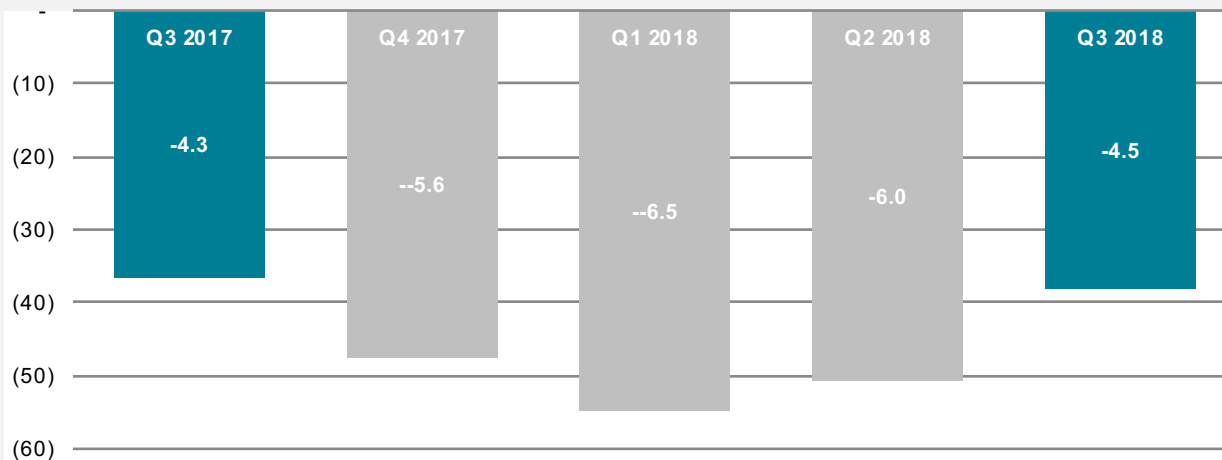
Financial review: Good financial position and cost control

Rune Skeie
CFO



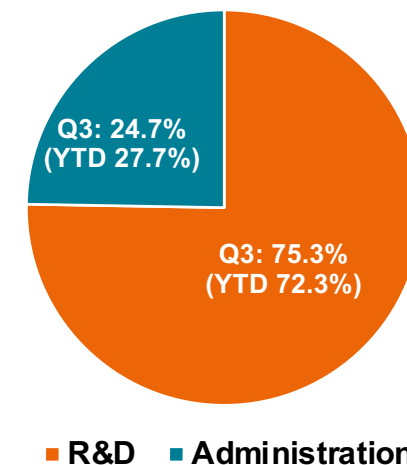
Operating profit (loss)

Operating profit (loss) million USD



- Q3'18 decrease in operating loss associated with stage 1 of NSCLC study in combination with Keytruda meeting its clinical efficacy endpoint in Q2, requiring a 12 week safety review and therefore reduced spend in Q3. Stage 2 opened in Q4.
- In addition increased cost reduction by grants:
Approval tax refund (Skatte funn) cost reduction in Q3'18 USD 0.6 mill (Q3'17 USD 0.3 mill)
Other grants Q3'18 USD 0.4 mill (Q3'17 USD 0.1 mill)

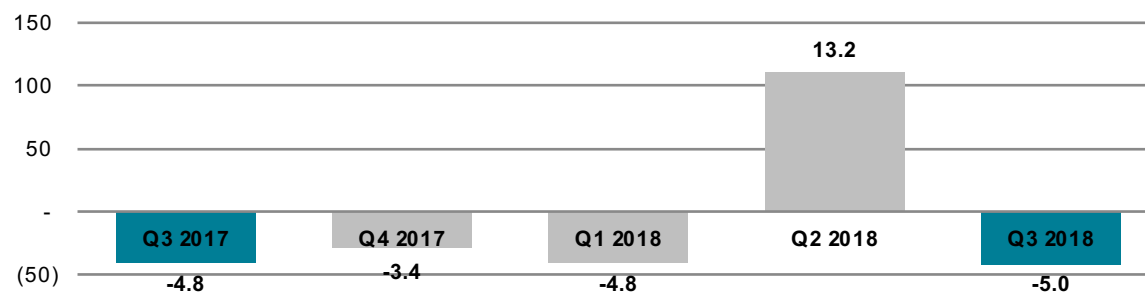
Operating expenses Q3 2018



- Effective organisation
- 75.3% (YTD 72.3%) of operating expenses in Q3 2018 attributable to Research & Development activities

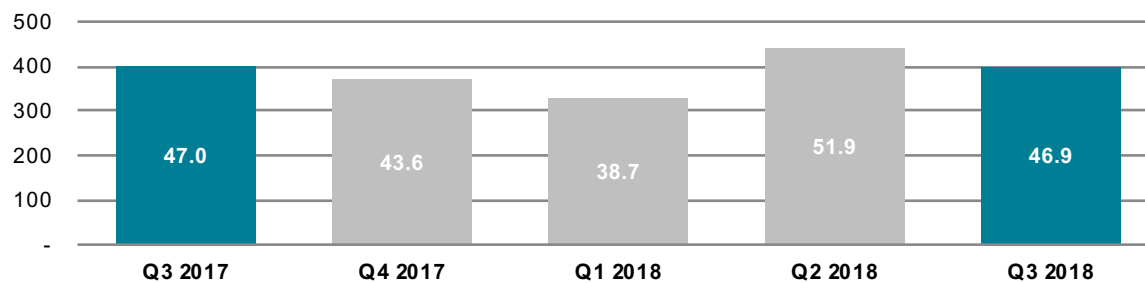
Cash flow and cash position

Cash flow (mill USD)



- Private placement Q2, 18 strengthened cash position - gross funds raised USD 24m
- Quarterly cash burn average at USD 5.3m

Cash position (mill USD)



- Cash position gives runway to deliver key clinical read outs from ongoing clinical studies
- Cash runway into 2020 based on current burn rate

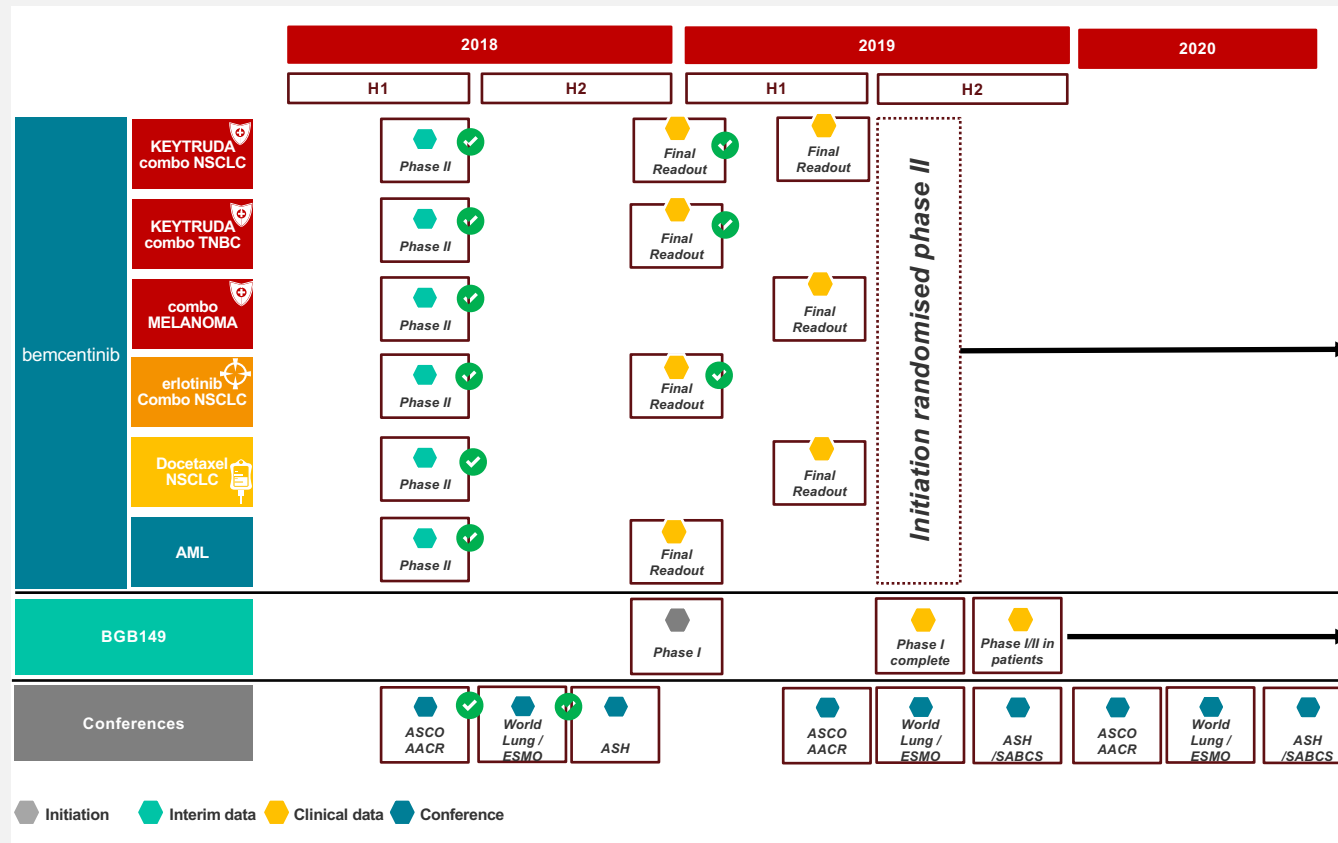
Summary & Outlook:

A number of significant milestones expected in H2 2018 and 2019

Richard Godfrey
CEO



Significant milestones expected in 2018 & 2019



Bemcentinib

NSCLC KEYTRUDA combo: presentation of completed stage 1 data and initiate stage 2

BGB149

AXL antibody BGB149: begin phase I clinical trial

Summary

Focused on developing innovative drugs for aggressive diseases

Selective AXL inhibitors: a novel cornerstone approach to target immune evasive, drug resistant and metastatic cancers

Promising interim Ph II clinical data in NSCLC and Leukaemia

Selected for high profile presentations at global medical conferences

Significant milestones in the next 12 months

- Additional read-outs from phase II trial PoC programme with bemcentinib in NSCLC, AML/MDS and melanoma
- Start first in man phase I clinical trial with BGB149, anti AXL antibody
- Start randomised phase II programme with bemcentinib in target indications

Anticipated cash runway into 2020 based on current burn rate

Included in the OSEBX index from 1st June

Thank you for your attention

Q&A